

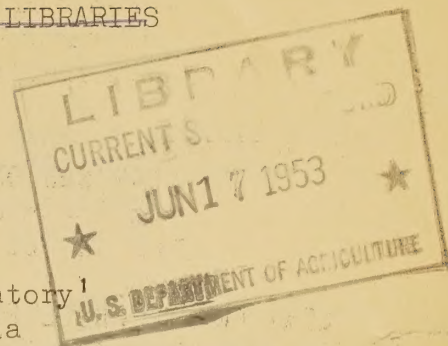
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BOOKS ON HIDES AND SKINS

(Partial List)



Eastern Regional Research Laboratory¹
Philadelphia 18, Pennsylvania

American Leather Chemists Association

METHODS OF SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS. 150 pp. Cincinnati, Ohio

Arnold, John R.

1925 **HIDES AND SKINS.** 606 pp. New York, N. Y. A. W. Shaw Co.
Nature, basic qualities, take-off, curing, and defects of
hides and skins; trade organizations; international trade;
characteristics and production of skins of each important com-
mercial kind.

Casaburi, Vittorio

1937 **VALORIZZAZIONE DI PELLI VIVE E MORTE.** Special Ltd. Ed. 118 pp.
Naples. R. Stazione Sperimentale.

Clemen, Rudolf A.

1927 **BY-PRODUCTS IN THE PACKING INDUSTRY.** 410 pp. Chicago, Ill.
The University of Chicago Press. Chapter 2. Hides and Skins.
Trade classification, marketing and uses.

Furlong, J. R.

1938 **PREPARATION OF EMPIRE HIDES AND SKINS.** 126 pp. London, Eng-
land. Imperial Institute.

Grassmann, W.

1944 **HANDBUCH DER GERBEREICHEMIE UND LEDERFABRIKATION.** Vol. 1,
Part 1. **DIE HAUT.** 1104 pp. Vienna. Springer Verlag. World
production and markets; histology, chemistry and bacteriology
of hides and skins; preservation and disinfection of hides and
skins; raw hide damage.

Institute of Meat Packing

1940 **BEEF, LAMB AND VEAL OPERATIONS.** Revised Ed. 207 pp. Chicago,
Ill. Institute of Meat Packing; The University of Chicago.
Section I. Chapter IX. Beef Operations. Hides. Section I.
Chapter XI. Slaughtering, Dressing and Grading Calf Carcasses.
Section II. Chapter I. Slaughtering, Dressing and Grading of

¹ ONE OF THE LABORATORIES OF THE BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY
AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION, UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

sheep and Lamb Carcasses. Section II. Chapter III. Sheep and Lamb Pelts. Detailed directions for skinning, salting, and marketing.

Institute of Meat Packing

- 1941 **READINGS ON BY-PRODUCTS OF THE MEAT PACKING INDUSTRY.** 375 pp. Institute of Meat Packing; The University of Chicago. Chapter II. Hides and Skins. Chapter III. Sheep and Lamb Pelts.

LEATHER AND SHOES BLUE BOOK OF THE SHOE AND LEATHER INDUSTRY

- 1948 Ed. 30, 800 pp. Chicago 6, Ill. The Rumpf Publishing Co. Part 7. Hides and Skins Section. List of hide and skin brokers, dealers, importers and exporters. Part 4. The Leather Section. List of tanners and leather dealers.

McLaughlin, Geo. D., and Theis, Edwin R.

- 1945 **THE CHEMISTRY OF LEATHER MANUFACTURE.** 800 pp. New York, N.Y. Reinhold Pub. Corp. Chapter 2. Histology of Skin. Chapter 3. The Composition and Chemical Structure of Skin.

Moulton, C. Robert, and Lewis, W. Lee

- 1940 **MEAT THROUGH THE MICROSCOPE.** Ed. 2. 592 pp. Chicago, Ill. Institute of Meat Packing; The University of Chicago. Chapter VII. Curing Hides. Discussion of factors affecting curing of and bacterial growth on hides and skins; brief description of tanning.

Pratt Bros. Co.

- 1932? **PRATTS' MANUAL OF HIDE AND SKIN PRICES AND TRADE STATISTICS.** 96 pp. New York, N. Y. Pratt Bros. Co.

Price, James, Jr.

- 1939 **NORTH AMERICAN PACKER HIDES.** 396 pp. New York, N. Y. Pratt Bros. Co.

Procter, H. R.

- 1922 **PRINCIPLES OF LEATHER MANUFACTURE.** Ed. 2. 688 pp. London, England. E. and F. N. Spon. Chapter VI. Origin and Curing of Hides and Skins. Chapter VII. Structure and Growth of Skin. Chapter XI. The Chemistry of Hides.

Rogers, Allen

- 1922 **PRACTICAL TANNING.** 699 pp. New York, N. Y. H. G. Baird & Co. Chapter I. Hides and Skins. Directions for skinning and market classifications.

Seymour-Jones, Alfred

- 1913 **THE SHEEP AND ITS SKIN.** 396 pp. London, England. The Leather Trades Review.

SHOE AND LEATHER REPORTER ANNUAL 1948

1948 70th Yearly Ed. 644 pp. Boston, Mass. Shoe and Leather Reporter Company. Pages 357-422, Leather Manufacturers in the United States. Pages 525-564, Hide and Skin Packers, Dealers and Brokers.

STIASNY FESTSCHRIFT

1937 430 pp. Darmstadt, Germany. Eduard Roether Verlag. Pages 29-40, A Study of Skins from Full-Fed and Under-Fed Twin Lambs. Pages 65-73, Tannin, Hides, and Leather in Turkey. Pages 381-389, The Problem of Raw Hide Preservation.

Wentworth, E. N., Munnecke, V. H., and Cross, Thomas

1923 **PROGRESSIVE BEEF CATTLE RAISING.** 82 pp. Chicago, Ill. Armour's Livestock Bureau.

Wilson, John Arthur

1928 **THE CHEMISTRY OF LEATHER MANUFACTURE.** Ed. 2. 2 Vols. New York, N. Y. Chemical Catalog Co. Chapter 2. Histology of Skin. Chapter 3. Chemical Constituents of Skin. Chapter 7. Preservation and Disinfection of Skin.

Wilson, John Arthur

1941 **MODERN PRACTICE IN LEATHER MANUFACTURE.** 744 pp. New York, N. Y. Reinhold Pub. Corp. Chapters 1 to 6 inclusive. Histology, production, marketing and damages of hides and skins.

Wilson, John Arthur, and Merrill, H. B.

1931 **ANALYSIS OF LEATHER AND MATERIALS USED IN MAKING IT.** 512 pp. New York, N. Y. McGraw-Hill Co., Inc. Methods for chemical analysis and microscopic examination of skins and leather.

SHOE AND LEATHER REPORT

The shoe and leather industry in the United States is one of the most important and oldest. It has a long and distinguished history, and its products are essential to the comfort and health of the American people. The industry is divided into two main branches: the shoe industry and the leather industry. The shoe industry is responsible for the production of shoes, while the leather industry is responsible for the production of leather goods.

The shoe industry is a highly competitive industry, with many companies vying for market share. The industry is characterized by a high degree of specialization, with different companies focusing on different types of shoes. The leather industry is also a highly competitive industry, with many companies vying for market share. The industry is characterized by a high degree of specialization, with different companies focusing on different types of leather goods.

The shoe and leather industry is a vital part of the American economy. It provides a source of employment for many Americans, and it produces goods that are essential to the American way of life. The industry is also a source of pride for many Americans, as it represents a long and distinguished tradition of craftsmanship and quality.

The shoe and leather industry is a highly regulated industry. The industry is subject to a variety of federal and state regulations, which are designed to protect the health and safety of the American people. The industry is also subject to a variety of international trade agreements, which are designed to promote the free trade of goods and services.

The shoe and leather industry is a highly innovative industry. The industry is constantly developing new products and technologies, which are designed to improve the quality and performance of its products. The industry is also a highly environmentally conscious industry, with many companies taking steps to reduce their carbon footprint and protect the environment.

The shoe and leather industry is a highly successful industry. The industry has a long and distinguished history, and its products are essential to the American way of life. The industry is also a source of pride for many Americans, as it represents a long and distinguished tradition of craftsmanship and quality.